# E PI

# RESEARCH INTO PRACTICE

# **Best Practices in Grading**

Grading is one of the most enduring features of schooling. No matter what other reforms occur in a school, grading remains as one of the cornerstones of educational practice. But recently this long-standing tradition has come under scrutiny with some alarming results. Many traditional grading practices actually *depress* achievement, and may, in fact, even lead to school failure and dropping out! Indeed, in his engaging video presentation on toxic grading practices (see References) Doug Reeves says that two of the most common practices – averaging and giving zeros for missing work – are "an academic death sentence."

#### **Best Practices**

Fortunately, there is a lot of guidance for school leaders and faculty on how to structure meaningful, helpful grading systems that actually promote student achievement. From the resources provided at the end of this brief, schools can construct a list of best practices for their own setting. These include:

Start the Conversation. Grading purposes, standards and practices should be a matter of discussion among the faculty with the goal of achieving agreement on major issues and approaches. Once agreement is reached, faculty can share best practices.

Determine the Audience. Figure out who the audience for grading really is. What must be communicated to that audience? What's the best way (perhaps other than grades) to do so?

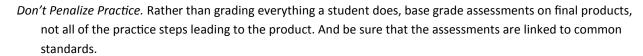
Establish Standards-Based Rubrics. Encourage faculty collaboration to develop department, grade or even school-wide rubrics for assessing student performance on key standards, such as writing, reading and speaking. If eve-

ryone uses the same rubric to assess essential standards, learning is reinforced across disciplines and achievement increases.

Eliminate Toxic Grading Practices. Get rid of practices that impede achievement – such as the use of the zero, averaging, and others that discourage students and suppress effort.

Allow Re-dos and Updating of Assessments. Distinguish between feedback and grading, and allow students to submit their best work for assessment. Also, permit "grade forgiveness" (as prac-

ticed in many colleges) where students can re-do assignments and replace a poor grade with an improved one.



Focus on Demonstration of Learning, Not Task Completion. If a student can demonstrate that she can balance chemistry formulas, how many times must she do it for a passing grade? Too often, "rigor" simply means more work, not more challenging or demanding work.

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This brief prepared by Howard Johnston, University of South Florida, December, 2011



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#### Resources

#### **Effective Grading Practices by Doug Reeves**

http://www.ascd.org/publications/educational-leadership/feb08/vol65/num05/Effective-Grading-Practices.aspx.

This outstanding article from *Educational Leadership* (ASCD) offers a succinct analysis of conventional grading practices and outlines steps for moving to more accurate, standards-based grading.

#### Toxic Grading Practices by Doug Reeves

http://www.teachertube.com/viewVideo.php?video id=29656

This short video is an engaging professional development kick off for a faculty discussion about grades – especially the "toxic" practices in schools, like the "academic death sentence": the zero.

#### **Effective Grading Practices**

http://www.ascd.org/publications/educational-leadership/current-issue.aspx

The November 2011 issue of *Educational Leadership* (volume 69, number 3) is devoted to grading practices and is available online. See especially the articles by Wormlei, Vatterrott, Guskey, Fisher, Kohn, and Marzano.

#### Seven Practices for Effective Learning by Jay McTighe and Ken O'Connor.

http://www.ascd.org/publications/educational-leadership/nov05/vol63/num03/Seven-Practices-for-Effective-Learning.aspx

Outstanding discussion of assessment/feedback practices that are linked to improved student performance.

#### Effective Assessment

http://tep.uoregon.edu/resources/assessment/index.html

From the teaching effectiveness program at the University of Oregon, this resource showcases good assessment practices for working in a standards-based environment.

#### Adding Rigor

http://www.ronwilliamson.com/RW Web/Inst Leadership files/PrinLdshpSep09.pdf

A great article by Ron Williamson and Barbara Blackburn on how school leaders can add rigor to the school's curriculum by enlisting teachers and other stakeholders in discussions about challenging experiences.

### **Assessment and Rubric Information**

http://school.discoveryeducation.com/schrockguide/assess.html

Very deep resource on all things educational from Kathy Schrock and Discovery Education. This section lists dozens of resources, but be sure to explore the entire site. It's chock full of outstanding resources and materials.